























$$\sigma_K = \frac{T_{\text{sys}}}{\sqrt{2} dv \Delta t}.$$







$$\pi_{\text{sys}} = \sqrt{\pi_{\text{sys}} \pi_{\text{sys}}}$$





1992

2

100

$$\sigma_K = \frac{T_{\rm sys}}{\eta_{\rm spec} \sqrt{2} dv \Delta t}.$$





$$j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{sd}} = \frac{2k F_{\text{eff}}}{A_{\text{eff}}} ;$$







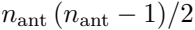
$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{sd}} T_{\text{sys}}}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{2} dv \Delta t}.$$

2019

$$\sqrt[n]{a_{ij}} = \sqrt[n]{a_{ji}}$$

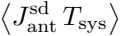


and
all

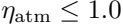




$$\sigma_{\mathrm{Jy}} = \frac{\left(J_{\mathrm{ant}}^{\mathrm{sd}} T_{\mathrm{sys}} \right)}{\eta_{\mathrm{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\mathrm{ant}} \left(n_{\mathrm{ant}} - 1 \right)} dv \Delta t},$$









$$j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} = \frac{j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{sd}}}{\eta_{\text{atm}}}$$

WILLIAM

1871

1871



$$\text{rotation} = e^{-\frac{\phi^2}{2\pi m}} e^{i\pi}$$

$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{\langle J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}} \rangle}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} dv \Delta t}.$$

$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{\langle J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}} \rangle}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu \Delta t}, \quad \text{with} \quad J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{sd}}}{\eta_{\text{atm}}} \quad \text{and} \quad \eta_{\text{atm}} = e^{-\frac{\phi_{\text{rms}}^2}{2}} \leq 1.0,$$



1000

1

1000



NEWBORN





Q

W

W

W

W

W

W



$$j_{\text{ant}} = \frac{2k \Omega_{\text{ant}} F_{\text{eff}}}{\lambda^2} \cdot$$

QPR100

$$j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} = \frac{j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{sd}}}{\eta_{\text{atm}}} = \frac{1}{\eta_{\text{atm}}} \frac{F_{\text{eff}}}{B_{\text{eff}}} \frac{2k\Omega_{\text{prim}}}{\lambda^2}.$$

QWERTY



2014

—
—

1

1000

1000

1000

$$\sqrt{\frac{\rho_{\text{syn}}}{\rho_{\text{ant}}}} = \frac{2k\Omega_{\text{syn}}}{\lambda^2} \cdot$$

$$\sigma_K = \frac{\sigma_{Jy}}{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{syn}}} \quad \text{with} \quad J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{syn}} = \frac{2\pi k \theta_{\text{maj}} \theta_{\text{min}}}{4 \ln 2 \lambda^2},$$

$$\sigma_K = \frac{\Omega_{\text{prim}}}{\Omega_{\text{syn}}} \left\langle \frac{F_{\text{eff}} T_{\text{sys}}}{B_{\text{eff}} \eta_{\text{atm}}} \right\rangle \frac{1}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu \Delta t} = \frac{\theta_{\text{prim}}^2}{\theta_{\text{maj}} \theta_{\text{min}}} \left\langle \frac{F_{\text{eff}} T_{\text{sys}}}{B_{\text{eff}} \eta_{\text{atm}}} \right\rangle \frac{1}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu \Delta t},$$

Q. 100

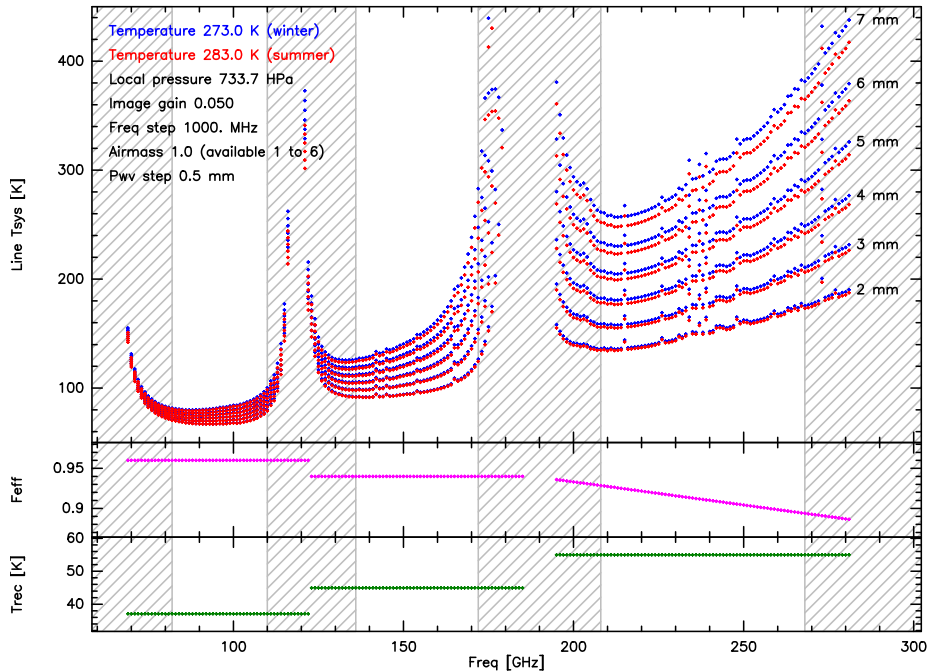
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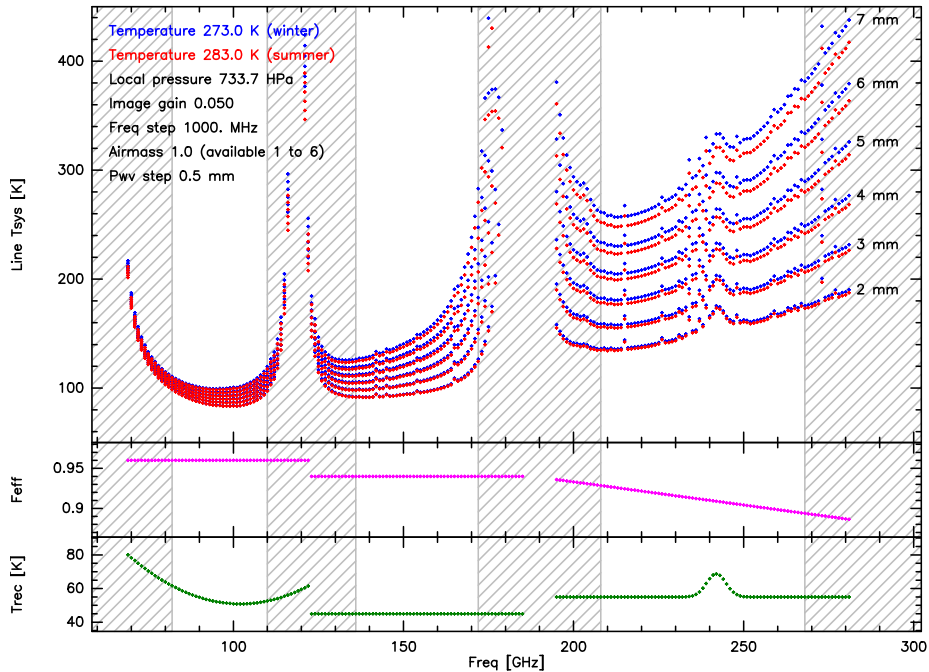


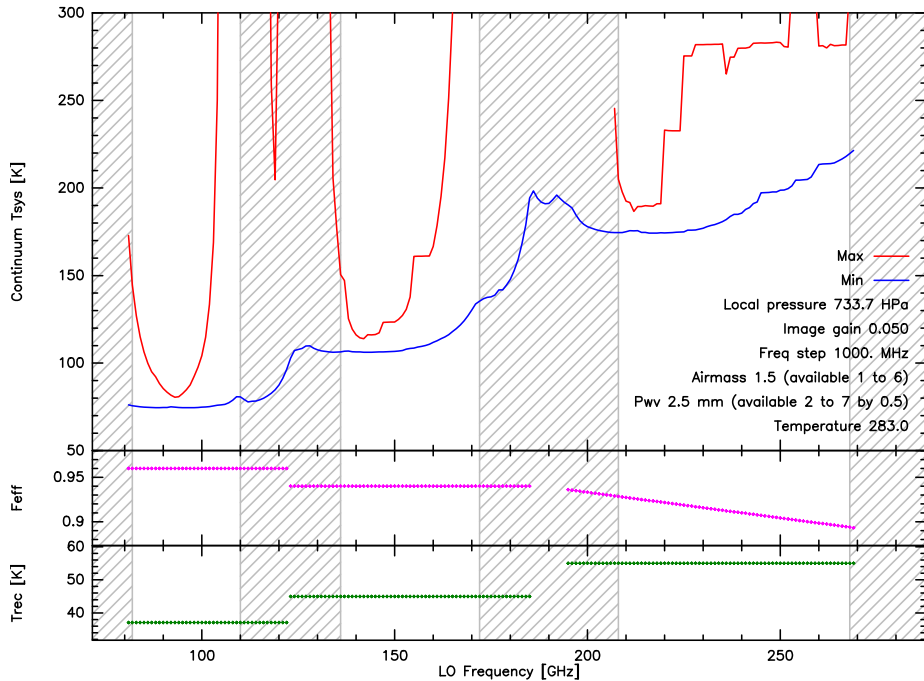


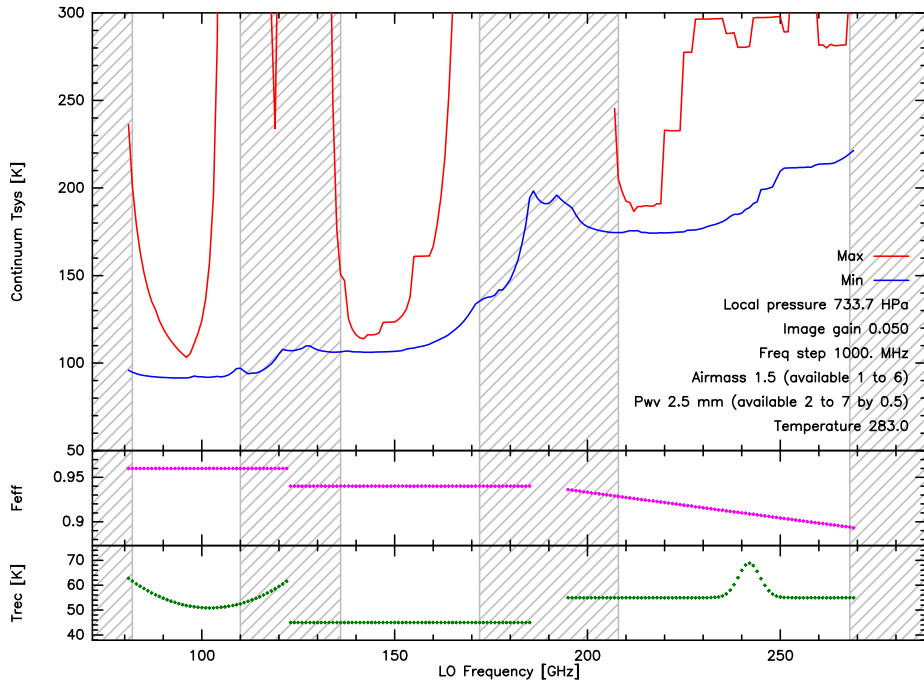
100%

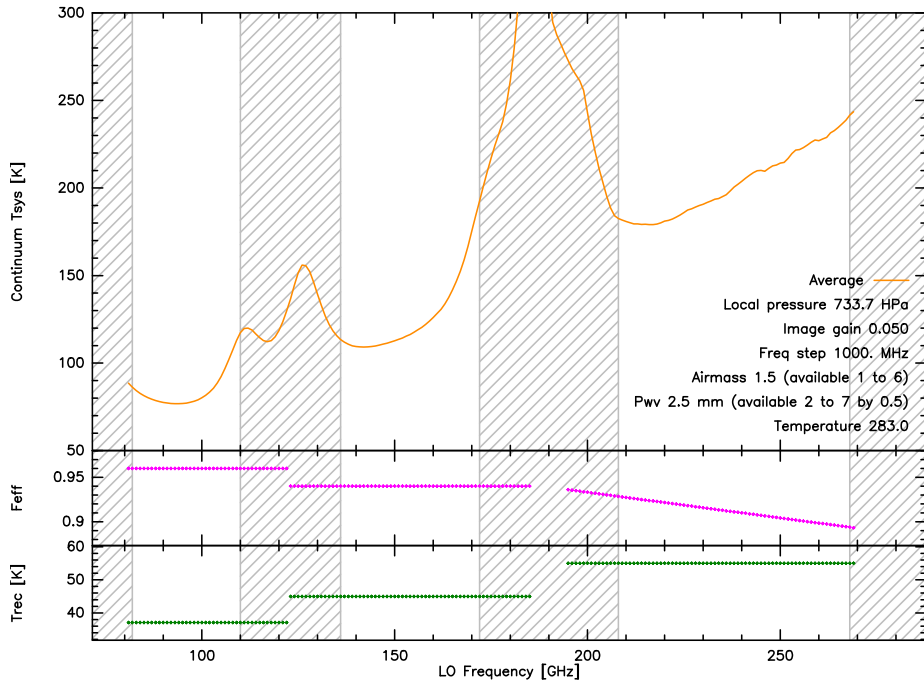


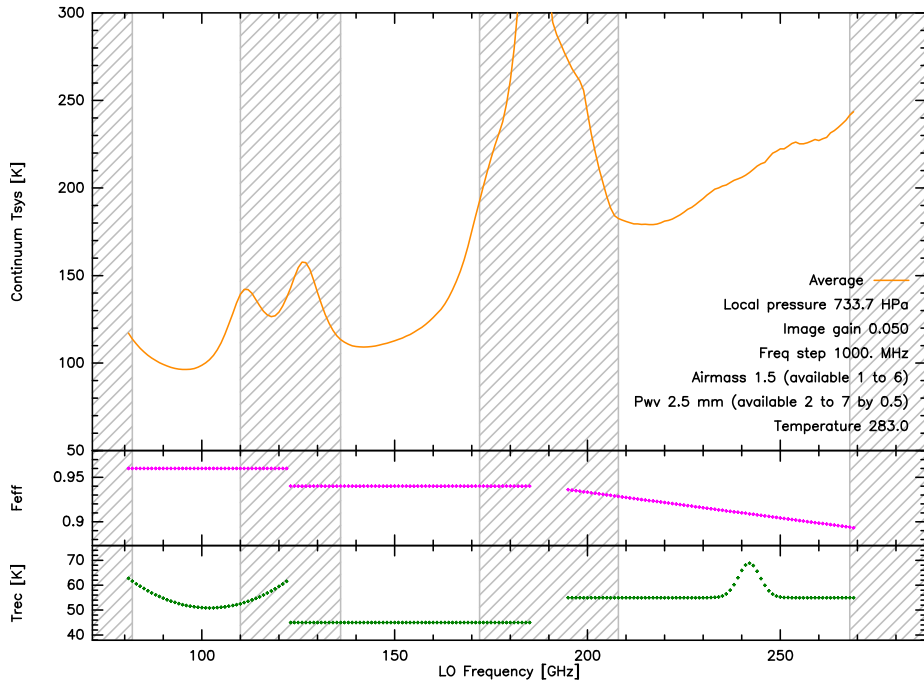












$$T_{sys} = \frac{(1 + G_{im}) \exp \{ \tau_s A \}}{F_{eff}} [F_{eff} T_{atm} (1 - \exp \{ -\tau_s A \}) + (1 - F_{eff}) T_{cab} + T_{rec}],$$





Adrianus









$$\frac{1}{\langle T_{\text{sys}} \rangle^2} = \frac{1}{N} \sum \frac{1}{T_{\text{sys}}^2} \cdot$$







$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{j_{\rm ant}^{\rm int} T_{\rm sys}}{\eta_{\rm spec} \sqrt{n_{\rm ant} (n_{\rm ant} - 1)} dv n_{\rm pol} \Delta t_{\rm on}} .$$

$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}}}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on}}} \quad \text{with} \quad J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{sd}}}{\eta_{\text{atm}}} \quad \text{and} \quad \eta_{\text{atm}} = e^{-\frac{\phi_{\text{rms}}^2}{2}} \leq 1.0,$$

$$\sigma_K = \frac{\sigma_{Jy}}{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{syn}}} \quad \text{with} \quad J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{syn}} = \frac{2\pi k \theta_{\text{maj}} \theta_{\text{min}}}{4 \ln 2 \lambda^2}.$$





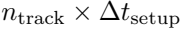


$$\Delta t_{\text{setup}} = \Delta t_{\text{setupmin}} + (n_{\text{freq}} - 1) \Delta t_{\text{setup}} / \text{freq};$$

Upland

△✱
estp
isq





100%

$$\Delta t_{obs} = \Delta t_{tel} - n_{track} \times \Delta t_{setup}.$$

$$n_{\text{track}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}}}{\Delta t_{\text{visible}} + \Delta t_{\text{setup}}},$$

Walden

0.95

[illegible]

— 2019

invisible + invisible

Δt_{on}

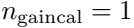
$=$

Δt_{obs}

$\times$

η_{obs}





$$\eta_{\text{obs}} = \frac{1}{\Omega_{\text{obs}}} \quad \text{with} \quad \Omega_{\text{obs}} = \Omega_{\text{min}} + n_{\text{gaincal}} n_{\text{freq}} \Omega_{\text{/freq/gaincal}}, \quad \Omega_{\text{min}} = 1.3, \quad \text{and} \quad \Omega_{\text{/freq/gaincal}} = 0.3.$$



Uplinked

100%

100%

100%

A horizontal sequence of six grayscale images showing the progression of a handwritten digit '1'. The first image on the left is highly noisy and pixelated, with the digit '1' barely discernible. As the sequence progresses from left to right, the noise decreases and the digit becomes increasingly clear and solid. The final image on the right shows a clean, well-defined handwritten digit '1' with no visible noise or pixelation.

2020-2021

opinion



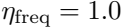
$$\eta_{\text{tot}} = \frac{\Sigma \Delta t_{\text{on}}}{\Delta t_{\text{tel}}}$$

WORLD OF

$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{j_{\rm ant}^{\rm int} T_{\rm sys}}{\eta_{\rm spec} \sqrt{n_{\rm ant} (n_{\rm ant} - 1)} dv n_{\rm pol} \Delta t_{\rm on}},$$

$$\Delta t_{on} = \eta_{obs} \eta_{freq} (\Delta t_{tel} - n_{track} \times \Delta t_{setup}) ,$$











$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}}}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} dv n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on}}}$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{on}} = \eta_{\text{obs}} \eta_{\text{freq}} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}} - n_{\text{track}} \times \Delta t_{\text{setup}}}{n_{\text{sou}}} \right) .$$



$$n_{\text{beam}} = \frac{A_{\text{map}}}{A_{\text{beam}}}$$

1990



$$A_{\text{beam}} = \frac{0.8 \pi \theta_{\text{prim}}^2}{4 \ln(2)} ;$$

$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}}}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} dv n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on}}}$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{on}} = \eta_{\text{obs}} \eta_{\text{mos}} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}} - n_{\text{track}} \times \Delta t_{\text{setup}}}{n_{\text{beam}}} \right), \quad \text{and} \quad \eta_{\text{mos}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}}}{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}},$$

penitence



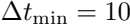
WORLDWIDE

$$n_{\text{point}} = n_{\text{beam}} \left(\frac{7}{4} \right)^2,$$



Winnipeg

Winnipeg





$$\frac{\Delta t_{\text{int}}/\text{scan}}{1\text{s}} < < \frac{6900}{\theta_{\text{alias}}/\theta_{\text{syn}}},$$

Q112

QWID

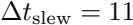
$$\Delta t_{\text{int}/\text{scan}} \leq \eta \frac{6900}{1\text{sec}} \sqrt{\frac{\theta_{\text{maj}}\theta_{\text{min}}}{A_{\text{map}}}},$$



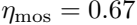




$$\leq \Delta t_{\text{int}/\text{scan}} = \min \left(45 \text{ sec}, \eta \frac{6\,900}{1 \text{ sec}} \sqrt{\frac{\theta_{\text{maj}} \theta_{\text{min}}}{A_{\text{map}}}} \right) \quad \text{with} \quad \eta = 0.5.$$



A pixelated, black and white graphic of the text "The End of the World". The text is rendered in a highly stylized, jagged, and somewhat abstract font. The letters are composed of many small, dark pixels, giving it a grainy, digital appearance. The overall shape of the text is elongated and horizontal, with the words "The", "End", "of", and "the World" clearly distinguishable despite the pixelation. The background is white, and the text itself is a dark gray or black.





1990-1991

$$\eta_{\text{mos}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}}}{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}}$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{cycle}} = \Delta t_{\text{point/track}} (\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} + \Delta t_{\text{slw}}),$$

$\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} = \sqrt{\text{repeat}} \Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} \Delta t_{\text{acc}}$

$$n_{\text{repeat/point/cycle}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{calmax}}/n_{\text{point/track}} - \Delta t_{\text{slew}}}{\Delta t_{\text{int/scan}}},$$

$$\eta_{\text{mos}} = 1 - \frac{n_{\text{point}} / \text{track} \Delta t_{\text{slew}}}{\Delta t_{\text{calmax}}} .$$

$$n_{\text{point/track}}^{\text{large}} = \text{floor} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{calmax}}}{\Delta t_{\text{int/scan}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}} \right).$$

1991-2022

$$n_{\text{point}/\text{track}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{cyclenmax}}}{\Delta t_{\text{min}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}} \sim 150.$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{int}/\text{scan}} = \min \left\{ \Delta t_{\text{int}/\text{scan}}, \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{cyclmax}}}{n_{\text{point}/\text{track}}} - \Delta t_{\text{slew}} \right) \right\}.$$

$$\eta_{\min} = \frac{\Delta t_{\min}}{\Delta t_{\min} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}} = 0.47.$$

$$n_{\text{beam}} = \frac{A_{\text{map}}}{A_{\text{beam}}}, \quad \text{where} \quad A_{\text{beam}} = \frac{0.8 \pi \theta_{\text{prim}}^2}{4 \ln(2)}.$$

$$n_{\text{point}} = n_{\text{beam}} \left(\frac{7}{4}\right)^2, \quad \text{and} \quad n_{\text{point}/\text{track}} = \min\left(n_{\text{point}}, \frac{n_{\text{point}}}{n_{\text{track}}}\right).$$

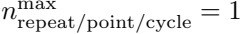
$$10 \text{ sec} \leq \Delta t_{\text{int/scan}} = \min \left(45 \text{ sec}, \eta \frac{6900}{1 \text{ sec}} \sqrt{\frac{\theta_{\text{maj}} \theta_{\text{min}}}{A_{\text{map}}}} \right) \quad \text{with} \quad \eta = 0.5.$$

$$n_{\text{point/track}}^{\text{large}} = \text{floor} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{calmax}}}{\Delta t_{\text{int/scan}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}} \right), \quad \text{where} \quad \Delta t_{\text{slew}} = 11 \text{ sec}, \quad \text{and} \quad \Delta t_{\text{calmax}} = 25 \text{ min}.$$

$\left(\text{point/track} \right) \leq \left(\text{large point/track} \right)$

$$n_{\text{repeat/point/cycle}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{\frac{\Delta t_{\text{calmax}}}{n_{\text{point/track}}} - \Delta t_{\text{slew}}}{\Delta t_{\text{int/scan}}}.$$

$\left(\text{point/track} \right) \rightarrow \left(\text{large point/track} \right)$



$$n_{\text{point/track}} \leq n_{\text{point/track}}^{\text{max}}, \quad \text{where} \quad n_{\text{point/track}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{cyclemax}}}{\Delta t_{\text{min}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}} \sim 150, \quad \text{and} \quad \Delta t_{\text{cyclemax}} = 60 \text{ min.}$$

$$\text{if } n_{\text{point/track}} > n_{\text{point/track}}^{\text{large}}, \quad \text{then } \Delta t_{\text{int/scan}} = \min \left\{ \Delta t_{\text{int/scan}}, \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{cyclemax}}}{n_{\text{point/track}}} - \Delta t_{\text{slew}} \right) \right\}.$$

$$\eta_{\text{mos}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}}}{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}}, \quad \text{and} \quad \Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} = n_{\text{repeat/point/cycle}}^{\text{max}} \Delta t_{\text{int/scan}},$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{cycle}} = n_{\text{point}/\text{track}} (\Delta t_{\text{point}/\text{cycle}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}).$$

$$\sigma_{\text{Jy}} = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}}}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on}}}, \quad \text{and} \quad \Delta t_{\text{on}} = \eta_{\text{obs}} \eta_{\text{mos}} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}} - n_{\text{track}} \times \Delta t_{\text{setup}}}{n_{\text{beam}}} \right).$$



$$\sigma_{Jy,\text{point}}(\nu) = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}}(\nu) T_{\text{sys}}(\nu)}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1) d\nu n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on,point}}},$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{on, point}} = \eta_{\text{obs}} \eta_{\text{mos}} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}} - n_{\text{track}} \times \Delta t_{\text{setup}}}{n_{\text{point}}} \right).$$

100%



$$f_v(p) = \left[\sum_{i=1}^{n_{\text{point}}} B_i^2(p, v) \right]^{-1/2}.$$

опыта, в том числе
— опыта, в том числе

$$\sigma_{\text{Jy,mos}}(p, \nu) = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}}(\nu) T_{\text{sys}}(\nu)}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on,point}}} \left[\sum_{i=1}^{n_{\text{point}}} B_i^2(p, \nu) \right]^{-1/2}.$$

As a result is not bad.

of my wife's
medial prefrontal
cortex.

Opportunity is everywhere,
but it is only for those who are ready to seize it.

f = independent variable



Oxytropis, *Oxytropis*, *Oxytropis*

Approved
Valid
Date

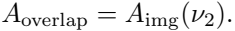
Alvin

Alvin









$$P_{1n2/1} = 100 \frac{A_{\text{img}}(v_2)}{A_{\text{img}}(v_1)}, \quad P_{1n2/2} = 100\%.$$

$$n_{\mathrm{beam,geom}}(\nu) = \frac{A_{\mathrm{img}}(\nu)}{A_{\mathrm{beam}}(\nu)}.$$

$$n_{\text{beam},eq}(v) = n_{\text{point}} f^2_v.$$



WELCOME TO THE

$$f_{\nu}(p) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n_{\text{point}}} B_{i,\nu}^2(p)}}.$$

Erwählter

$\text{Aimg}(v) = \text{Nvalid}(v) \text{Opix}$

$$f_v = \max_{p \in A_v} [f_v(p)],$$





A_{map}



$A_{img}(v)$

$$n_{\text{point}} = \text{number of pointings in the PMS pointing list, and } n_{\text{point/track}} = \min \left(n_{\text{point}}, \frac{n_{\text{point}}}{n_{\text{track}}} \right).$$

$$n_{\text{point}} = n_{\text{beam}} \left(\frac{7}{4} \right)^2$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{on, point}} = \eta_{\text{obs}} \eta_{\text{mos}} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}} - n_{\text{track}} \times \Delta t_{\text{setup}}}{n_{\text{point}}} \right),$$

$$\sigma_{Jy,point}(\nu) = \frac{J_{ant}^{int}(\nu) T_{sys}(\nu)}{\eta_{spec} \sqrt{n_{ant} (n_{ant} - 1)} d\nu n_{pol} \Delta t_{on,point}} .$$

$$\sigma_{j_{y,\text{typ}}}(v) = \sigma_{j_{y,\text{point}}}(v) \hat{f}_v.$$

$$n_{\text{beam},\text{eq}}(v) = n_{\text{point}} f^2_v.$$









$$\Omega_{\text{ant}}(\nu) = \int_{4\pi} P_{\text{ant}}(\theta, \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$







airbnb

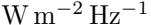


$$\Omega_{\text{fb}}(\nu) = \int_{2\pi} P_{\text{ant}}(\theta, \phi, \nu) d\Omega, \quad \text{and} \quad \Omega_{\text{mb}}(\nu) = \int_{\text{main lobe}} P_{\text{ant}}(\theta, \phi, \nu) d\Omega.$$

$$F_{\text{eff}} = \frac{\Omega_{\text{fb}}}{\Omega_{\text{ant}}}, \quad \text{and} \quad B_{\text{eff}} = \frac{\Omega_{\text{mb}}}{\Omega_{\text{ant}}}.$$

$$F_{\text{sou}}(\nu) = \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$









90 100

$$F_{\text{obs}}(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) P_{\text{ant}}(\theta - \theta_0, \phi - \phi_0, \nu) d\Omega,$$



$$F_{\text{obs}}(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$

$$P_{\text{int}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, v) = P_{\text{int}}(\theta - \theta_0, \phi - \phi_0, v).$$

$$B_{\text{obs}}(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \frac{1}{\Omega} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$









Is it possible to

$$= \frac{1}{\Omega_{\text{ant}}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$

1990s pop psychology

$$= \frac{1}{\Omega_{\text{fb}}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$

Beethoven's Op. 10, No. 1

$$= \frac{1}{\Omega_{\text{mb}}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega.$$

$$B_{fb} = \frac{1}{F_{eff}} B_{ant} \quad \text{and} \quad B_{mb} = \frac{F_{eff}}{B_{eff}} B_{fb}.$$

[illegible]



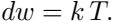












$$T_{\text{mb}}(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \frac{1}{\Omega_{\text{mb}}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega.$$





13059x1021

$$d\nu(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \frac{1}{2} A_{\text{eff}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega.$$





$$\eta_{\text{ant}} = \frac{A_{\text{eff}}}{A_{\text{geo}}} < 1;$$

$$A_{geo} = \pi \left(\frac{D_{ant}}{2} \right)^2 \cdot$$

$$\text{Aeff}(v) \text{ quant}(v) = \lambda^2,$$

$$B(\theta, \phi, \nu) = \frac{2kT}{\lambda^2},$$

$$d\nu(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \frac{1}{2} A_{\text{eff}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega = \frac{1}{2} A_{\text{eff}} \Omega_{\text{ant}}(\nu) \frac{2kT}{\lambda^2}.$$

www.loveiswhatwedonotsee.com



$$A_{\text{eff}}(\nu)\Omega_{\text{fb}}(\nu)=\lambda^2 F_{\text{eff}}(\nu) \text{ and } A_{\text{eff}}(\nu)\Omega_{\text{mb}}(\nu)=\lambda^2 B_{\text{eff}}(\nu).$$

$$B_{\text{eff}}(\nu) = \eta_{\text{ant}} A_{\text{geo}} \frac{\Omega_{\text{mb}}(\nu)}{\lambda^2} \cdot$$

$$A_{\mathrm{geo}} = \frac{\pi}{4} D^2, \quad \frac{\Omega_{\mathrm{mb}}(\nu)}{\lambda^2} = \frac{\pi}{4 \ln 2} \left(\frac{\theta_{\mathrm{mb}}}{\lambda} \right)^2,$$

$$\theta_{mb} = \alpha \frac{\lambda}{D},$$

$$B_{\text{eff}}(\nu) = \frac{\pi^2}{16 \ln 2} a^2 \eta_{\text{ant}}(\nu) \simeq 0.88899 a^2 \eta_{\text{ant}}(\nu).$$







$$\eta_{\text{ant}}(\nu) = \eta_{\text{ant}}^0 \exp \left\{ - \left(\frac{4\pi\sigma}{\lambda} \right)^2 \right\}.$$

Band 1

Band 3

