























$$\sigma_K = \frac{T_{\text{sys}}}{\sqrt{2} dv \Delta t}.$$







$$\pi_{\text{sys}} = \sqrt{\pi_{\text{sys}} \pi_{\text{sys}}}$$





1992

2

100

$$\sigma_K = \frac{T_{\rm sys}}{\eta_{\rm spec} \sqrt{2} dv \Delta t}.$$





$$j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{sd}} = \frac{2k F_{\text{eff}}}{A_{\text{eff}}} ;$$







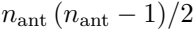
$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{sd}} T_{\text{sys}}}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{2} dv \Delta t}.$$

1990

$$\sqrt[n]{a_{ij}} = \sqrt[n]{a_{ji}}$$

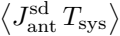


and
all

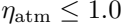




$$\sigma_{\text{Jy}} = \frac{\left(J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{sd}} T_{\text{sys}} \right)}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} \left(n_{\text{ant}} - 1 \right)} dv \Delta t},$$









$$j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} = \frac{j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{sd}}}{\eta_{\text{atm}}}$$

WILLIAM

1871

1871



$$\text{rotation} = e^{-\frac{\phi^2}{2}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \ln 10}$$

$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{\langle J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}} \rangle}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} dv \Delta t}.$$

$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{\langle J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}} \rangle}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu \Delta t}, \quad \text{with} \quad J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{sd}}}{\eta_{\text{atm}}} \quad \text{and} \quad \eta_{\text{atm}} = e^{-\frac{\phi_{\text{rms}}^2}{2}} \leq 1.0,$$



1000

1

1000



NEWBORN





Q

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W

W



$$j_{\text{ant}} = \frac{2k \Omega_{\text{ant}} F_{\text{eff}}}{\lambda^2} \cdot$$

QPR100

$$j_{\rm ant}^{\rm int} = \frac{j_{\rm ant}^{\rm sd}}{\eta_{\rm atm}} = \frac{1}{\eta_{\rm atm}} \frac{F_{\rm eff}}{B_{\rm eff}} \frac{2k\,\Omega_{\rm prim}}{\lambda^2}.$$

QWERTY



2017

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1

1000

1000

1000

$$\sqrt{\frac{\rho_{\text{syn}}}{\rho_{\text{ant}}}} = \frac{2k\Omega_{\text{syn}}}{\lambda^2} \cdot$$

$$\sigma_K = \frac{\sigma_{Jy}}{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{syn}}} \quad \text{with} \quad J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{syn}} = \frac{2\pi k \theta_{\text{maj}} \theta_{\text{min}}}{4 \ln 2 \lambda^2},$$

$$\sigma_K = \frac{\Omega_{\text{prim}}}{\Omega_{\text{syn}}} \left\langle \frac{F_{\text{eff}} T_{\text{sys}}}{B_{\text{eff}} \eta_{\text{atm}}} \right\rangle \frac{1}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu \Delta t} = \frac{\theta_{\text{prim}}^2}{\theta_{\text{maj}} \theta_{\text{min}}} \left\langle \frac{F_{\text{eff}} T_{\text{sys}}}{B_{\text{eff}} \eta_{\text{atm}}} \right\rangle \frac{1}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu \Delta t},$$

Qeios

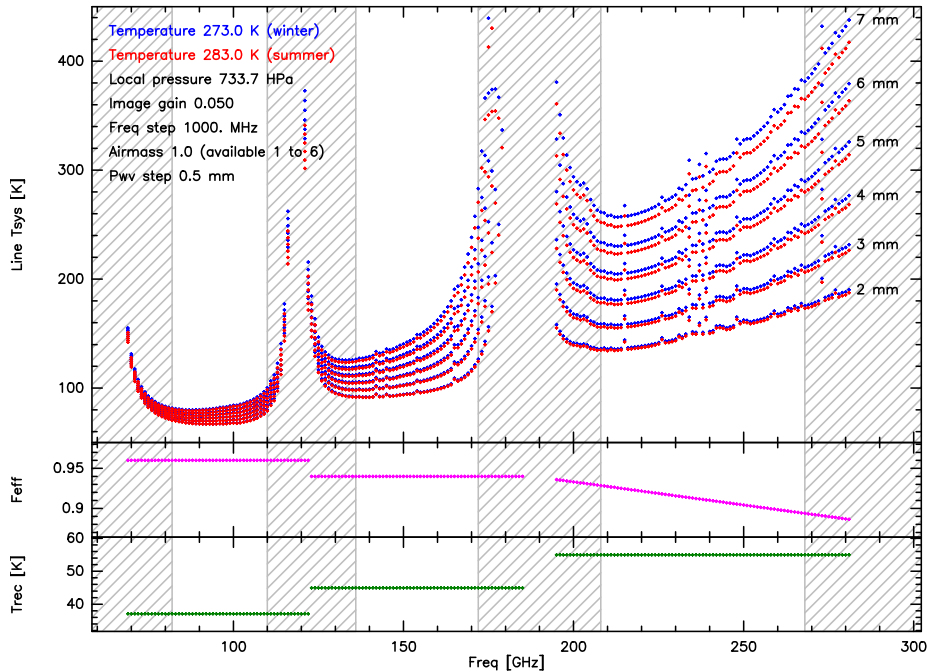
QWERTY

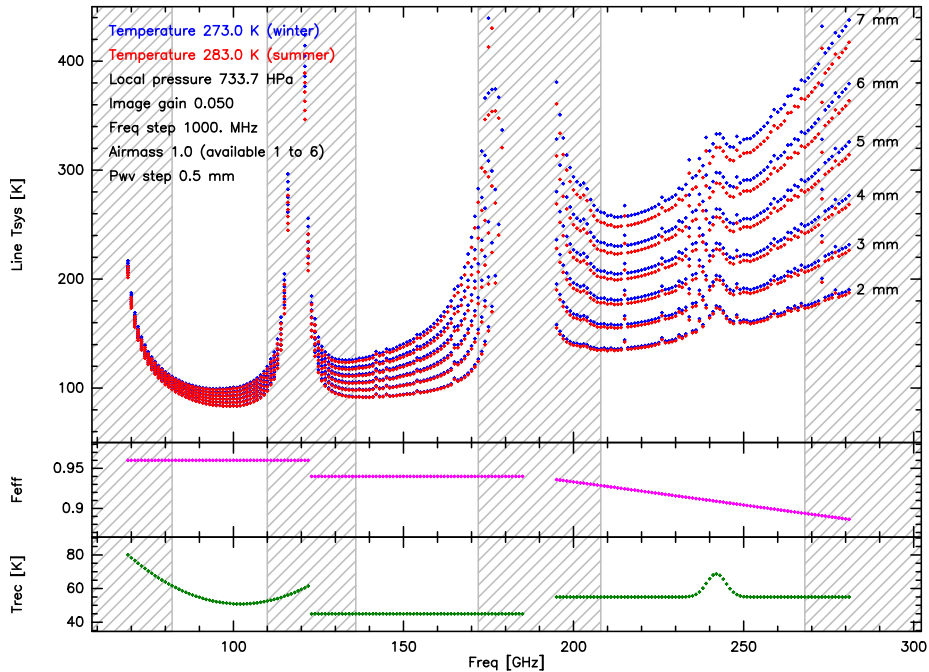


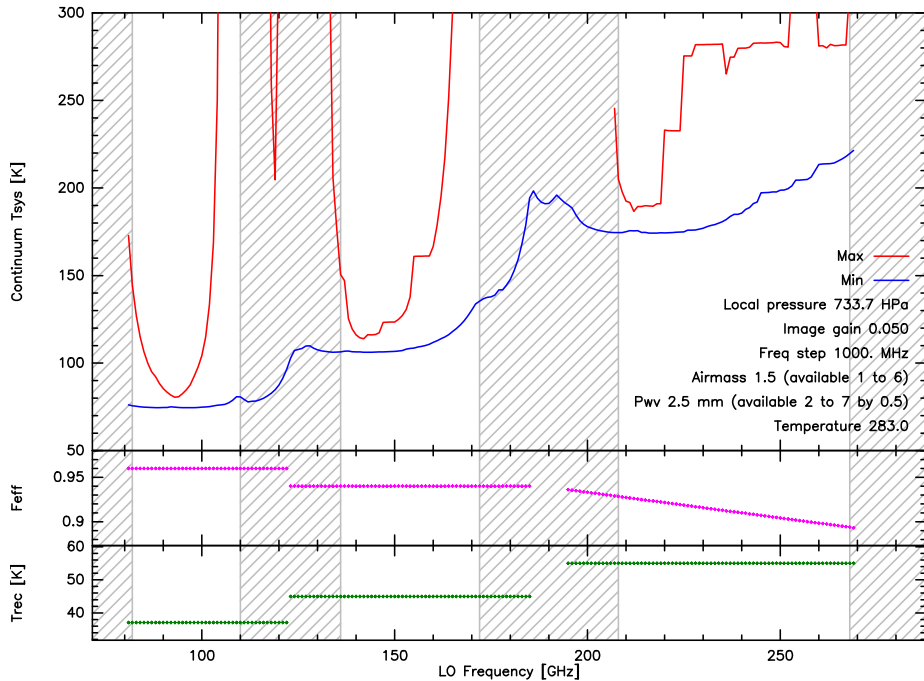


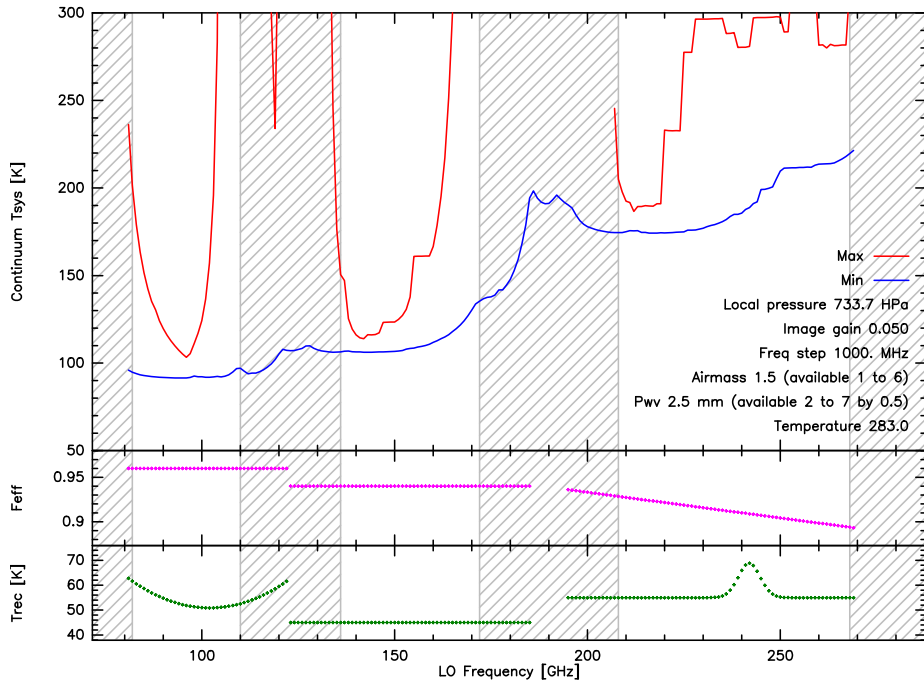
100% 24

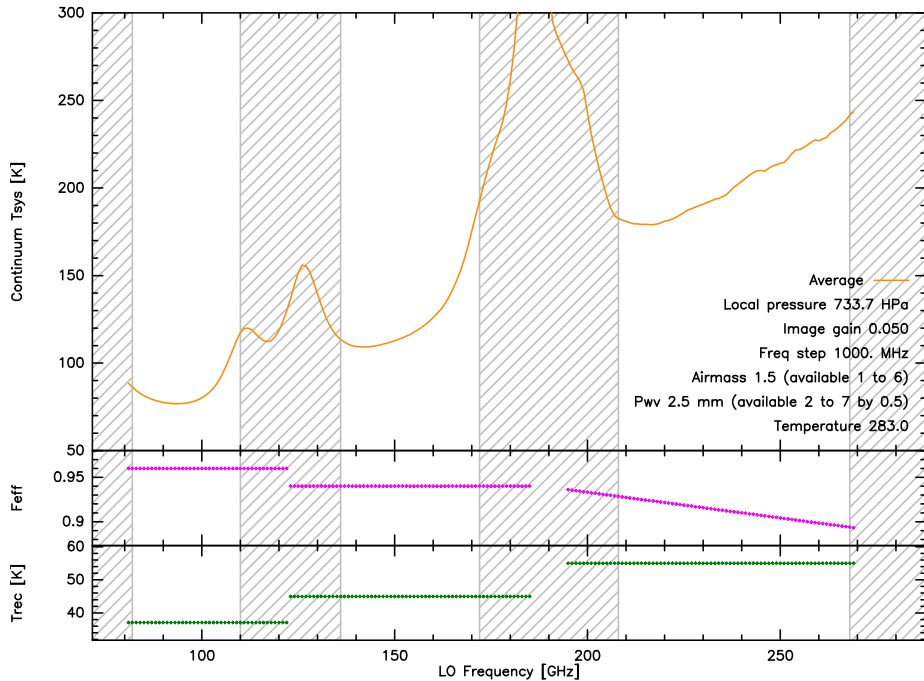


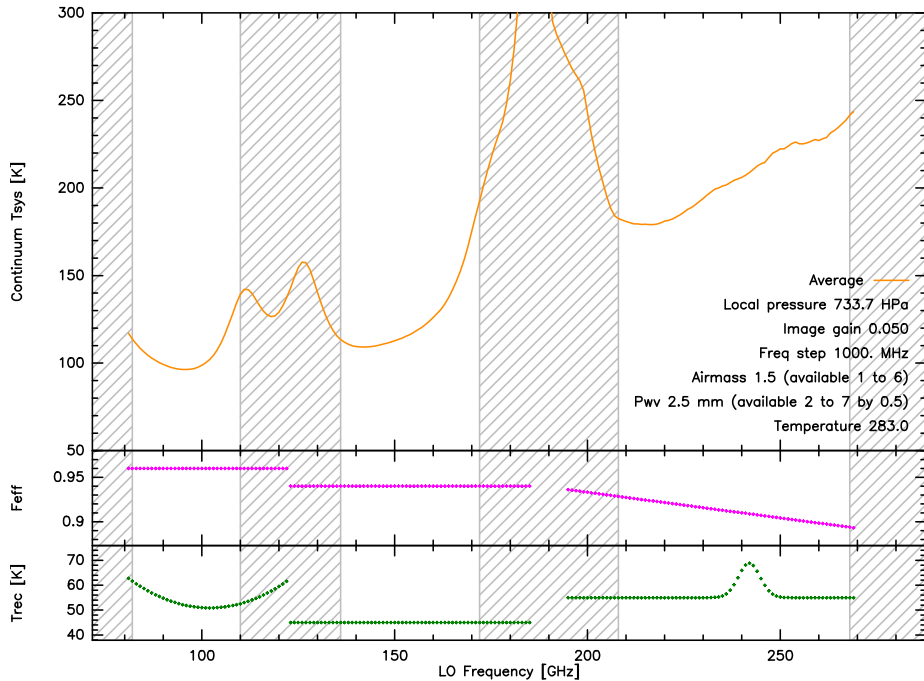












$$T_{sys} = \frac{(1 + G_{im}) \exp \{ \tau_s A \}}{F_{eff}} [F_{eff} T_{atm} (1 - \exp \{ -\tau_s A \}) + (1 - F_{eff}) T_{cab} + T_{rec}],$$





Adrianus









$$\frac{1}{\langle T_{\text{sys}} \rangle^2} = \frac{1}{N} \sum \frac{1}{T_{\text{sys}}^2} \cdot$$







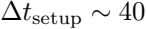
$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{j_{\rm ant}^{\rm int} T_{\rm sys}}{\eta_{\rm spec} \sqrt{n_{\rm ant} (n_{\rm ant} - 1)} dv n_{\rm pol} \Delta t_{\rm on}} .$$

$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}}}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on}}} \quad \text{with} \quad J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{sd}}}{\eta_{\text{atm}}} \quad \text{and} \quad \eta_{\text{atm}} = e^{-\frac{\phi_{\text{rms}}^2}{2}} \leq 1.0,$$

$$\sigma_K = \frac{\sigma_{Jy}}{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{syn}}} \quad \text{with} \quad J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{syn}} = \frac{2\pi k \theta_{\text{maj}} \theta_{\text{min}}}{4 \ln 2 \lambda^2}.$$







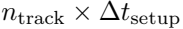


$$\Delta t_{\text{setup}} = \Delta t_{\text{setupmin}} + (n_{\text{freq}} - 1) \Delta t_{\text{setup}} / \text{freq};$$

Upland

△✱estvprifig





100%

$$\Delta t_{obs} = \Delta t_{tel} - n_{track} \times \Delta t_{setup}.$$

$$n_{\text{track}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}}}{\Delta t_{\text{visible}} + \Delta t_{\text{setup}}},$$

Welding

0.95

The image features a large, pixelated representation of the number '10' followed by the word 'days'. The entire graphic is composed of black and white pixels, giving it a retro, digital appearance. The number '10' is positioned on the left side of the frame, while the word 'days' extends towards the right edge. The font style is reminiscent of early computer graphics or video game titles.

2019

△ + △ = △

Δt_{on}

$=$

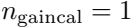
Δt_{obs}

$\times$

η_{obs}

A pixelated, grayscale image of the text "100%". The first "100%" is small and positioned on the left. To its right is a much larger, stylized "100%". The large "100%" features a thick vertical bar for the first "1", a small square for the decimal point, and a circular shape for the "0". The entire image has a low-resolution, dithered appearance.





$$\eta_{\text{obs}} = \frac{1}{\Omega_{\text{obs}}} \quad \text{with} \quad \Omega_{\text{obs}} = \Omega_{\text{min}} + n_{\text{gaincal}} n_{\text{freq}} \Omega_{\text{/freq/gaincal}}, \quad \Omega_{\text{min}} = 1.3, \quad \text{and} \quad \Omega_{\text{/freq/gaincal}} = 0.3.$$



Uppå
till
en
bättre
värld

100%

100%

100%

2020-2021

opinion

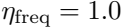


$$\eta_{\text{tot}} = \frac{\Sigma \Delta t_{\text{on}}}{\Delta t_{\text{tel}}}$$

$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{j_{\rm ant}^{\rm int} T_{\rm sys}}{\eta_{\rm spec} \sqrt{n_{\rm ant} (n_{\rm ant} - 1)} dv n_{\rm pol} \Delta t_{\rm on}},$$

$$\Delta t_{on} = \eta_{obs} \eta_{freq} (\Delta t_{tel} - n_{track} \times \Delta t_{setup}) ,$$











$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}}}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} dv n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on}}}$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{on}} = \eta_{\text{obs}} \eta_{\text{freq}} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}} - n_{\text{track}} \times \Delta t_{\text{setup}}}{n_{\text{sou}}} \right) .$$



$$n_{\text{beam}} = \frac{A_{\text{map}}}{A_{\text{beam}}}$$

1990



$$A_{\text{beam}} = \frac{0.8 \pi \theta_{\text{prim}}^2}{4 \ln(2)} ,$$

$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}}}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} dv n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on}}}$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{on}} = \eta_{\text{obs}} \eta_{\text{mos}} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}} - n_{\text{track}} \times \Delta t_{\text{setup}}}{n_{\text{beam}}} \right), \quad \text{and} \quad \eta_{\text{mos}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}}}{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}},$$

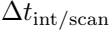
penitence

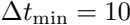
1991



$$n_{\text{point}} = n_{\text{beam}} \left(\frac{7}{4} \right)^2,$$









$$\frac{\Delta t_{\text{int}}/\text{scan}}{1\text{s}} < < \frac{6900}{\theta_{\text{alias}}/\theta_{\text{syn}}},$$

Q112

QWID

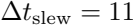
$$\Delta t_{\text{int}/\text{scan}} \leq \eta \frac{6900}{1\text{sec}} \sqrt{\frac{\theta_{\text{maj}}\theta_{\text{min}}}{A_{\text{map}}}},$$



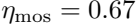




$$\leq \Delta t_{\text{int}/\text{scan}} = \min \left(45 \text{ sec}, \eta \frac{6\,900}{1 \text{ sec}} \sqrt{\frac{\theta_{\text{maj}} \theta_{\text{min}}}{A_{\text{map}}}} \right) \quad \text{with} \quad \eta = 0.5.$$



A pixelated, black and white graphic of the text "The End of the World". The text is rendered in a highly stylized, jagged, and somewhat abstract font. The letters are composed of many small, dark pixels, giving it a grainy, digital appearance. The overall shape of the text is elongated and horizontal, with the words "The", "End", "of", and "the World" clearly distinguishable despite the pixelation. The background is white, and the text itself is a dark gray or black.





Pravda

$$\eta_{\text{mos}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}}}{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}}$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{cycle}} = \Delta t_{\text{point/track}} (\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} + \Delta t_{\text{slw}}),$$

$\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} = \sqrt{\text{repeat}} \cdot t_{\text{point/cycle}} \cdot \Delta t_{\text{acc}}$

$$n_{\text{repeat/point/cycle}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{calmax}}/n_{\text{point/track}} - \Delta t_{\text{slew}}}{\Delta t_{\text{int/scan}}},$$

$$\eta_{\text{mos}} = 1 - \frac{n_{\text{point}} / \text{track} \Delta t_{\text{slew}}}{\Delta t_{\text{calmax}}} .$$

$$n_{\text{point/track}}^{\text{large}} = \text{floor} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{calmax}}}{\Delta t_{\text{int/scan}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}} \right).$$

1991-2022

$$n_{\text{point}/\text{track}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{cycl}}^{\text{max}}}{\Delta t_{\text{min}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}} \sim 150.$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{int/scan}} = \min \left\{ \Delta t_{\text{int/scan}}, \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{cyclmax}}}{n_{\text{point/track}}} - \Delta t_{\text{slew}} \right) \right\}.$$

$$\eta_{\min} = \frac{\Delta t_{\min}}{\Delta t_{\min} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}} = 0.47.$$

$$n_{\text{beam}} = \frac{A_{\text{map}}}{A_{\text{beam}}}, \quad \text{where} \quad A_{\text{beam}} = \frac{0.8 \pi \theta_{\text{prim}}^2}{4 \ln(2)}.$$

$$n_{\text{point}} = n_{\text{beam}} \left(\frac{7}{4} \right)^2, \quad \text{and} \quad n_{\text{point}/\text{track}} = \min \left(n_{\text{point}}, \frac{n_{\text{point}}}{n_{\text{track}}} \right).$$

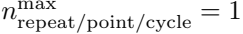
$$10 \text{ sec} \leq \Delta t_{\text{int/scan}} = \min \left(45 \text{ sec}, \eta \frac{6900}{1 \text{ sec}} \sqrt{\frac{\theta_{\text{maj}} \theta_{\text{min}}}{A_{\text{map}}}} \right) \quad \text{with} \quad \eta = 0.5.$$

$$n_{\text{point/track}}^{\text{large}} = \text{floor} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{calmax}}}{\Delta t_{\text{int/scan}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}} \right), \quad \text{where} \quad \Delta t_{\text{slew}} = 11 \text{ sec}, \quad \text{and} \quad \Delta t_{\text{calmax}} = 25 \text{ min}.$$

$\left(\text{point/track} \right) \leq \left(\text{large point/track} \right)$

$$n_{\text{repeat/point/cycle}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{\frac{\Delta t_{\text{calmax}}}{n_{\text{point/track}}} - \Delta t_{\text{slew}}}{\Delta t_{\text{int/scan}}}.$$

$\left(\text{point/track} \right) \rightarrow \left(\text{large point/track} \right)$



$$n_{\text{point/track}} \leq n_{\text{point/track}}^{\text{max}}, \quad \text{where} \quad n_{\text{point/track}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{cyclemax}}}{\Delta t_{\text{min}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}} \sim 150, \quad \text{and} \quad \Delta t_{\text{cyclemax}} = 60 \text{ min.}$$

$$\text{if } n_{\text{point/track}} > n_{\text{point/track}}^{\text{large}}, \quad \text{then } \Delta t_{\text{int/scan}} = \min \left\{ \Delta t_{\text{int/scan}}, \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{cyclemax}}}{n_{\text{point/track}}} - \Delta t_{\text{slew}} \right) \right\}.$$

$$\eta_{\text{mos}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}}}{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}}, \quad \text{and} \quad \Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} = n_{\text{repeat/point/cycle}}^{\text{max}} \Delta t_{\text{int/scan}},$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{cycle}} = n_{\text{point}/\text{track}} (\Delta t_{\text{point}/\text{cycle}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}).$$

$$\sigma_{\text{Jy}} = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}}}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on}}}, \quad \text{and} \quad \Delta t_{\text{on}} = \eta_{\text{obs}} \eta_{\text{mos}} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}} - n_{\text{track}} \times \Delta t_{\text{setup}}}{n_{\text{beam}}} \right).$$



$$\sigma_{Jy,\text{point}}(\nu) = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}}(\nu) T_{\text{sys}}(\nu)}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on,point}}},$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{on, point}} = \eta_{\text{obs}} \eta_{\text{mos}} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}} - n_{\text{track}} \times \Delta t_{\text{setup}}}{n_{\text{point}}} \right).$$

1992



$$f_v(p) = \left[\sum_{i=1}^{n_{\text{point}}} B_i^2(p, v) \right]^{-1/2}.$$

Oxytropis, *Lupinus*

$$\sigma_{\text{Jy,mos}}(p, \nu) = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}}(\nu) T_{\text{sys}}(\nu)}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on,point}}} \left[\sum_{i=1}^{n_{\text{point}}} B_i^2(p, \nu) \right]^{-1/2}.$$

As a *wp* is not *blvd*.

of the *Mediana* of the *of the*.

Opjvnp (v) = Opjvnp (v)

f = independent variable



Oxytropis, *Oxytropis*, *Oxytropis*

Approved
Valid
Date

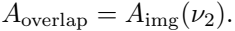
Alvin

Alvin









$$P_{1n2/1} = 100 \frac{A_{\text{img}}(v_2)}{A_{\text{img}}(v_1)}, \quad P_{1n2/2} = 100\%.$$

$$n_{\mathrm{beam,geom}}(\nu) = \frac{A_{\mathrm{img}}(\nu)}{A_{\mathrm{beam}}(\nu)}.$$

$$n_{\text{beam,eq}}(v) = n_{\text{point}} f^2_v.$$



WELCOME TO THE

$$f_{\nu}(p) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n_{\text{point}}} B_{i,\nu}^2(p)}}.$$

Erwählter

$\text{Aimg}(v) = \text{Nvalid}(v) \text{Opix}$

$$f_v = \text{median}_{p \in A_v} [f_v(p)],$$





A_{map}



$A_{img}(v)$

$$n_{\text{point}} = \text{number of pointings in the PMS pointing list, and } n_{\text{point/track}} = \min \left(n_{\text{point}}, \frac{n_{\text{point}}}{n_{\text{track}}} \right).$$

$$n_{\text{point}} = n_{\text{beam}} \left(\frac{7}{4} \right)^2$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{on, point}} = \eta_{\text{obs}} \eta_{\text{mos}} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}} - n_{\text{track}} \times \Delta t_{\text{setup}}}{n_{\text{point}}} \right),$$

$$\sigma_{Jy,point}(\nu) = \frac{J_{ant}^{int}(\nu) T_{sys}(\nu)}{\eta_{spec} \sqrt{n_{ant} (n_{ant} - 1)} d\nu n_{pol} \Delta t_{on,point}} .$$

$$\sigma_{j_{y,\text{typ}}}(v) = \sigma_{j_{y,\text{point}}}(v) \hat{f}_v.$$

$$n_{\text{beam,eq}}(v) = n_{\text{point}} f^2_v.$$









$$\Omega_{\text{ant}}(\nu) = \int_{4\pi} P_{\text{ant}}(\theta, \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$







airbnb

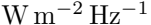


$$\Omega_{\text{fb}}(\nu) = \int_{2\pi} P_{\text{ant}}(\theta, \phi, \nu) d\Omega, \quad \text{and} \quad \Omega_{\text{mb}}(\nu) = \int_{\text{main lobe}} P_{\text{ant}}(\theta, \phi, \nu) d\Omega.$$

$$F_{\text{eff}} = \frac{\Omega_{\text{fb}}}{\Omega_{\text{ant}}}, \quad \text{and} \quad B_{\text{eff}} = \frac{\Omega_{\text{mb}}}{\Omega_{\text{ant}}}.$$

$$F_{\text{sou}}(\nu) = \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$









90 100

$$F_{\text{obs}}(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) P_{\text{ant}}(\theta - \theta_0, \phi - \phi_0, \nu) d\Omega,$$



$$F_{\text{obs}}(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$

$$P_{\text{int}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, v) = P_{\text{int}}(\theta - \theta_0, \phi - \phi_0, v).$$

$$B_{\text{obs}}(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \frac{1}{\Omega} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$









1990-1991

$$= \frac{1}{\Omega_{\text{ant}}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$

1990s pop music

$$= \frac{1}{\Omega_{\text{fb}}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$

Beethoven's Op. 10, No. 1

$$= \frac{1}{\Omega_{\text{mb}}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega.$$

$$B_{fb} = \frac{1}{F_{eff}} B_{ant} \quad \text{and} \quad B_{mb} = \frac{F_{eff}}{B_{eff}} B_{fb}.$$

$\partial/\partial t$, $\partial/\partial x$, $\partial/\partial y$, $\partial/\partial z$, $\partial/\partial t$, $\partial/\partial x$, $\partial/\partial y$, $\partial/\partial z$,



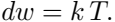












$$T_{\text{mb}}(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \frac{1}{\Omega_{\text{mb}}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega.$$





13059x1021

$$d\nu(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \frac{1}{2} A_{\text{eff}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega.$$





$$\eta_{\text{ant}} = \frac{A_{\text{eff}}}{A_{\text{geo}}} < 1;$$

$$A_{geo} = \pi \left(\frac{D_{ant}}{2} \right)^2 \cdot$$

$$\text{Aeff}(v) \text{ quant}(v) = \lambda^2,$$

$$B(\theta, \phi, \nu) = \frac{2kT}{\lambda^2},$$

$$d\nu(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \frac{1}{2} A_{\text{eff}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega = \frac{1}{2} A_{\text{eff}} \Omega_{\text{ant}}(\nu) \frac{2kT}{\lambda^2}.$$

www.loveis.org



$$A_{\text{eff}}(\nu)\Omega_{\text{fb}}(\nu)=\lambda^2 F_{\text{eff}}(\nu) \text{ and } A_{\text{eff}}(\nu)\Omega_{\text{mb}}(\nu)=\lambda^2 B_{\text{eff}}(\nu).$$

$$B_{\text{eff}}(\nu) = \eta_{\text{ant}} A_{\text{geo}} \frac{\Omega_{\text{mb}}(\nu)}{\lambda^2} \cdot$$

$$A_{\mathrm{geo}} = \frac{\pi}{4} D^2, \quad \frac{\Omega_{\mathrm{mb}}(\nu)}{\lambda^2} = \frac{\pi}{4 \ln 2} \left(\frac{\theta_{\mathrm{mb}}}{\lambda} \right)^2,$$

$$\theta_{mb} = \alpha \frac{\lambda}{D},$$

$$B_{\text{eff}}(\nu) = \frac{\pi^2}{16 \ln 2} a^2 \eta_{\text{ant}}(\nu) \simeq 0.88899 a^2 \eta_{\text{ant}}(\nu).$$







$$\eta_{\text{ant}}(\nu) = \eta_{\text{ant}}^0 \exp \left\{ - \left(\frac{4\pi\sigma}{\lambda} \right)^2 \right\}.$$

Band 1

Band 3

