























$$\sigma_K = \frac{T_{\text{sys}}}{\sqrt{2} dv \Delta t}.$$







$$\pi_{\text{sys}} = \sqrt{\pi_{\text{sys}} \pi_{\text{sys}}}$$





1992

2

100

$$\sigma_K = \frac{T_{\rm sys}}{\eta_{\rm spec} \sqrt{2} dv \Delta t}.$$





$$j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{sd}} = \frac{2k F_{\text{eff}}}{A_{\text{eff}}},$$







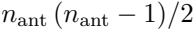
$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{sd}} T_{\text{sys}}}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{2} dv \Delta t}.$$

1990

$$\sqrt[n]{a_{ij}} = \sqrt[n]{a_{ii} a_{jj}}$$

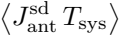


and
all

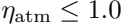




$$\sigma_{\mathrm{Jy}} = \frac{\left(J_{\mathrm{ant}}^{\mathrm{sd}} T_{\mathrm{sys}} \right)}{\eta_{\mathrm{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\mathrm{ant}} \left(n_{\mathrm{ant}} - 1 \right)} dv \Delta t},$$









$$j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} = \frac{j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{sd}}}{\eta_{\text{atm}}}$$

WILLIAM

1871

1871



$$\text{rotation} = e^{-\frac{\phi^2}{2\pi m}} e^{i\pi}$$

$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{\langle J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}} \rangle}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} dv \Delta t}.$$

$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{\langle J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}} \rangle}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu \Delta t}, \quad \text{with} \quad J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{sd}}}{\eta_{\text{atm}}} \quad \text{and} \quad \eta_{\text{atm}} = e^{-\frac{\phi_{\text{rms}}^2}{2}} \leq 1.0,$$



1000

1

1000

NEWBORN





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W



$$j_{\text{ant}} = \frac{2k \Omega_{\text{ant}} F_{\text{eff}}}{\lambda^2} \cdot$$

QPR100

$$j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} = \frac{j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{sd}}}{\eta_{\text{atm}}} = \frac{1}{\eta_{\text{atm}}} \frac{F_{\text{eff}}}{B_{\text{eff}}} \frac{2k\Omega_{\text{prim}}}{\lambda^2}.$$

QWERTY



2017

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1000

1000

1000

$$\sqrt{\frac{\rho_{\text{syn}}}{\rho_{\text{ant}}}} = \frac{2k\Omega_{\text{syn}}}{\lambda^2} \cdot$$

$$\sigma_K = \frac{\sigma_{Jy}}{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{syn}}} \quad \text{with} \quad J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{syn}} = \frac{2\pi k \theta_{\text{maj}} \theta_{\text{min}}}{4 \ln 2 \lambda^2},$$

$$\sigma_K = \frac{\Omega_{\text{prim}}}{\Omega_{\text{syn}}} \left\langle \frac{F_{\text{eff}} T_{\text{sys}}}{B_{\text{eff}} \eta_{\text{atm}}} \right\rangle \frac{1}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu \Delta t} = \frac{\theta_{\text{prim}}^2}{\theta_{\text{maj}} \theta_{\text{min}}} \left\langle \frac{F_{\text{eff}} T_{\text{sys}}}{B_{\text{eff}} \eta_{\text{atm}}} \right\rangle \frac{1}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu \Delta t},$$

Q. 100

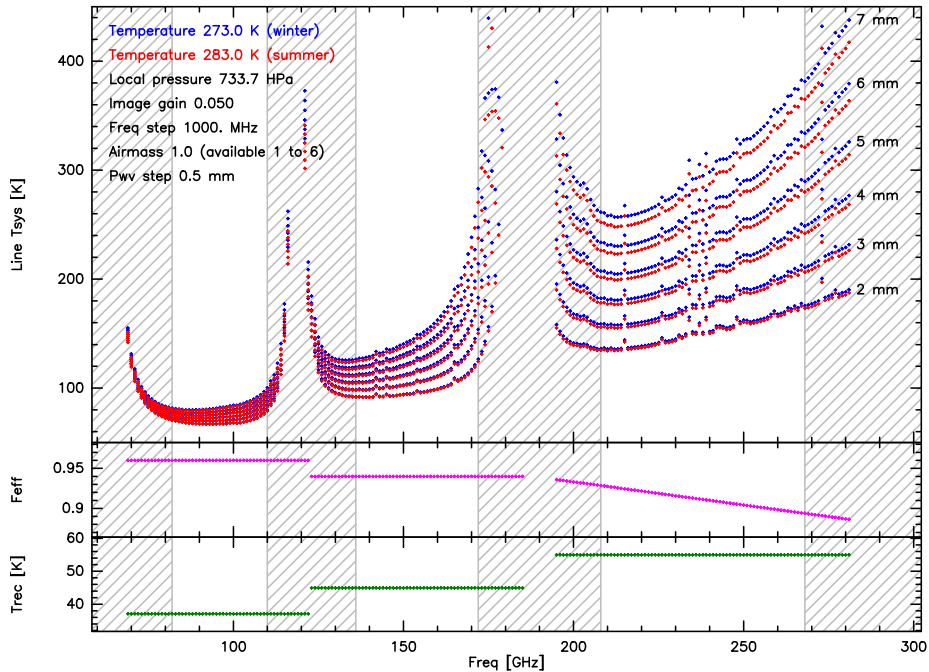
QWERTY

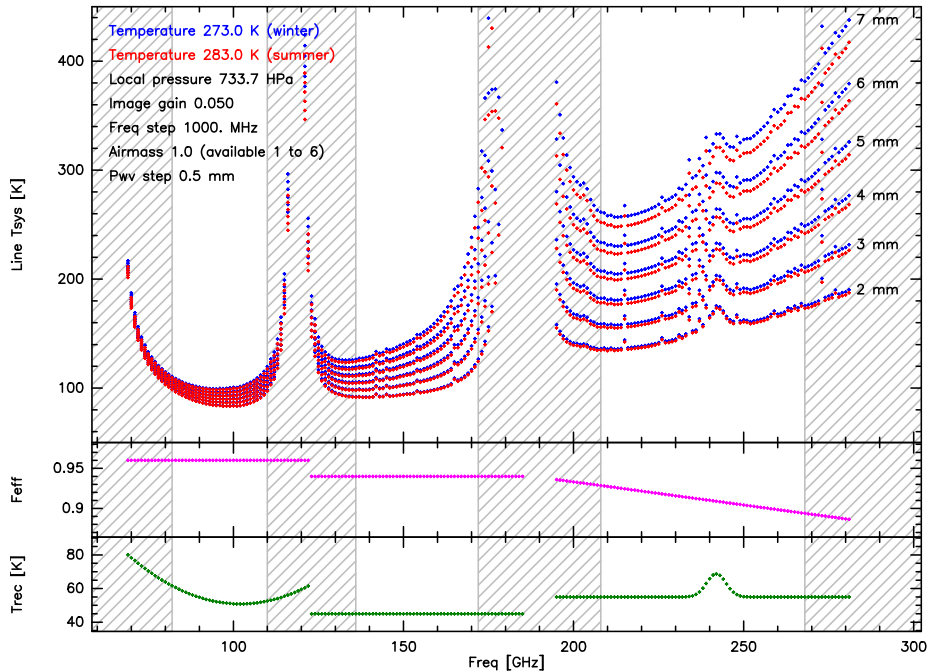


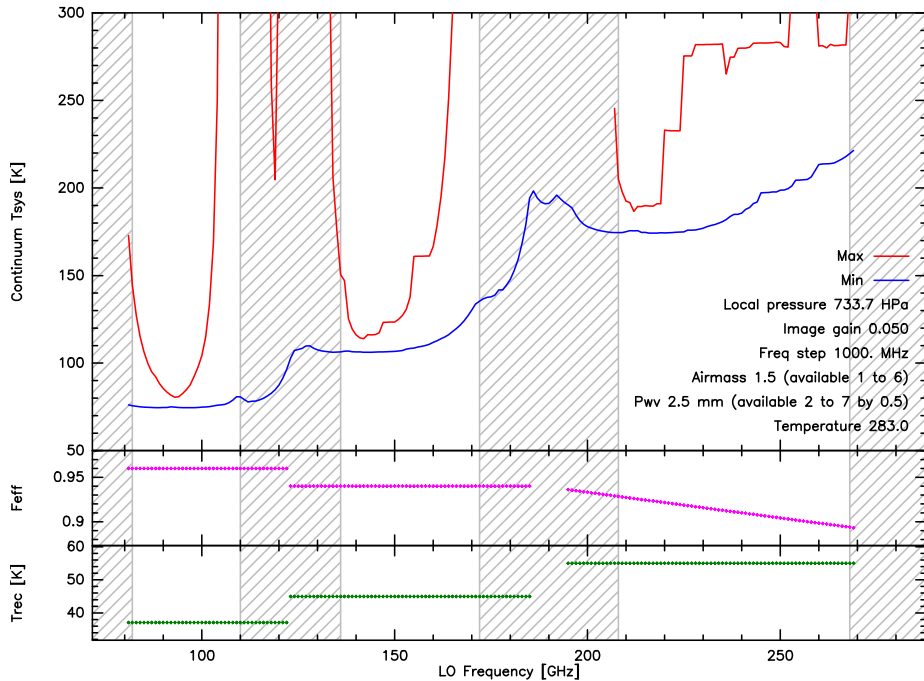


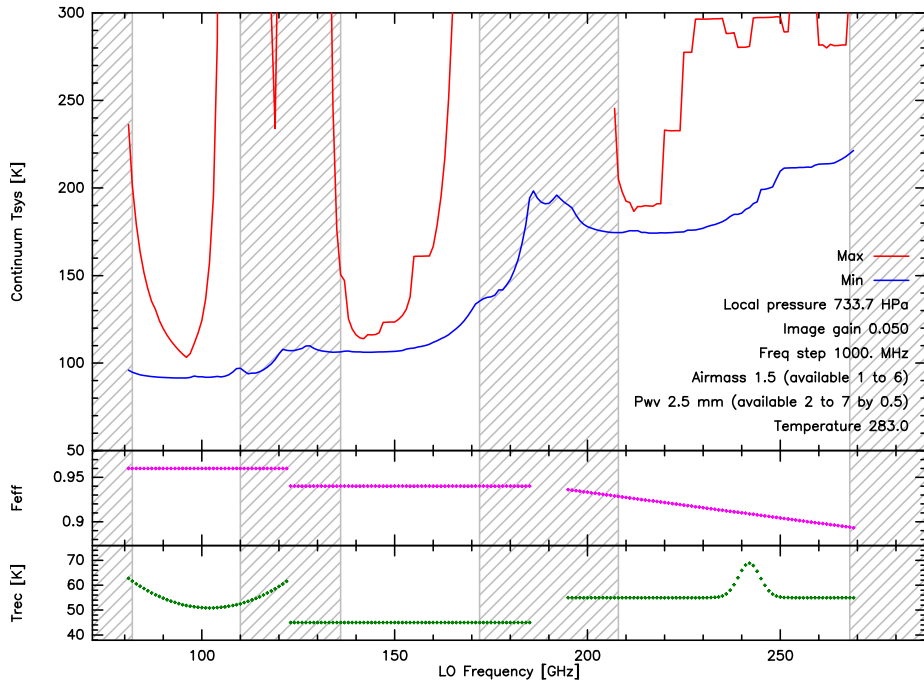
100%

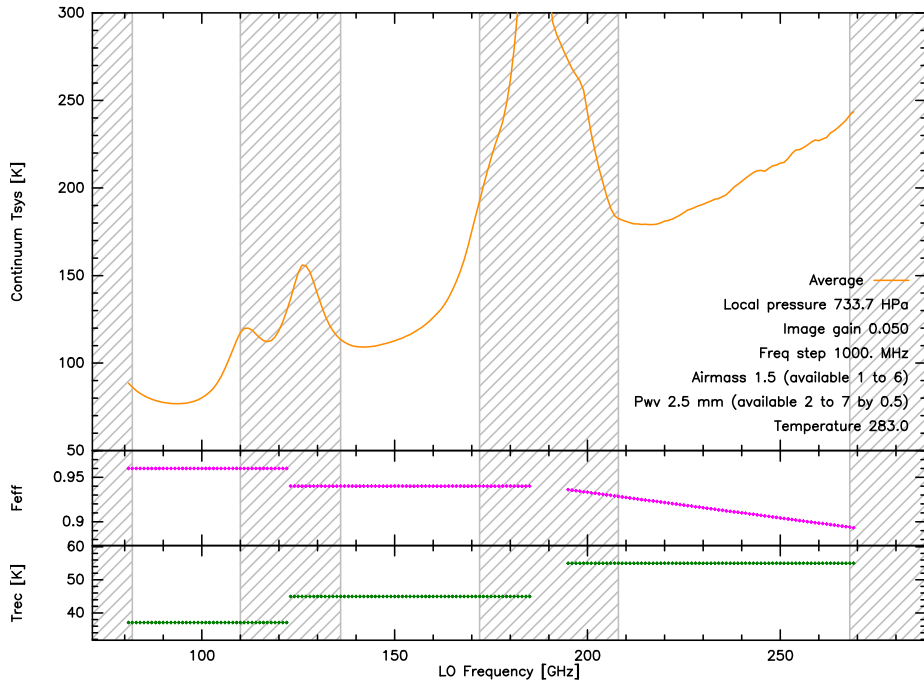


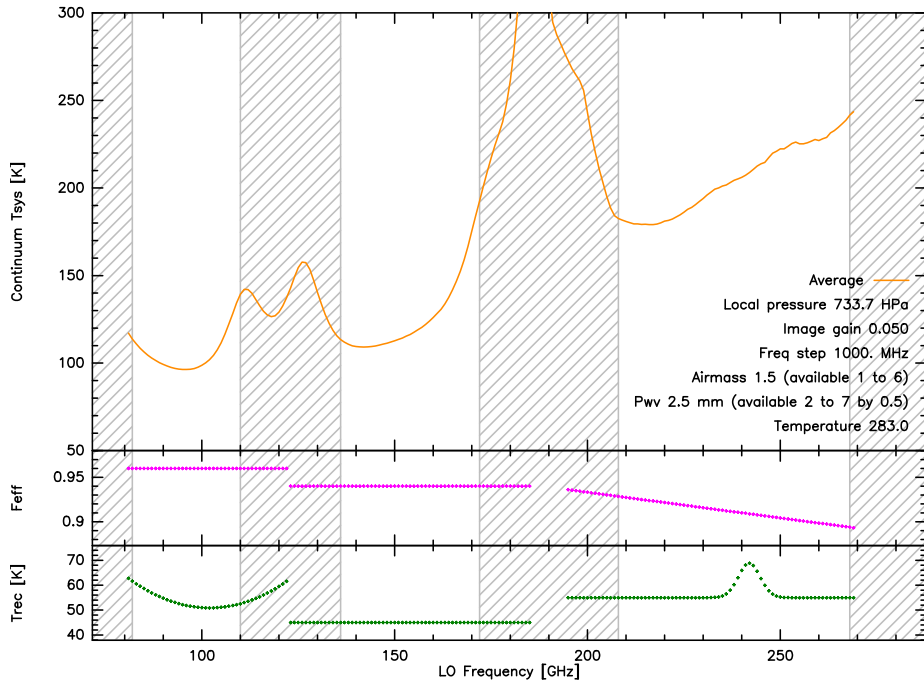












$$T_{sys} = \frac{(1 + G_{im}) \exp \{ \tau_s A \}}{F_{eff}} [F_{eff} T_{atm} (1 - \exp \{ -\tau_s A \}) + (1 - F_{eff}) T_{cab} + T_{rec}],$$





Adrianus









$$\frac{1}{\langle T_{\text{sys}} \rangle^2} = \frac{1}{N} \sum \frac{1}{T_{\text{sys}}^2} \cdot$$







$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}}}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} dv n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on}}} .$$

$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{j_{\rm ant}^{\rm int} T_{\rm sys}}{\eta_{\rm spec} \sqrt{n_{\rm ant} (n_{\rm ant} - 1)} d\nu n_{\rm pol} \Delta t_{\rm on}} \quad \text{with} \quad j_{\rm ant}^{\rm int} = \frac{j_{\rm ant}^{\rm sd}}{\eta_{\rm atm}} \quad \text{and} \quad \eta_{\rm atm} = e^{-\frac{\phi_{\rm rms}^2}{2}} \leq 1.0,$$

$$\sigma_K = \frac{\sigma_{Jy}}{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{syn}}} \quad \text{with} \quad J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{syn}} = \frac{2\pi k \theta_{\text{maj}} \theta_{\text{min}}}{4 \ln 2 \lambda^2}.$$





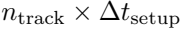


$$\Delta t_{\text{setup}} = \Delta t_{\text{setupmin}} + (n_{\text{freq}} - 1) \Delta t_{\text{setup}} / \text{freq};$$

Upland

△✱
estp
isq





100%

$$\Delta t_{obs} = \Delta t_{tel} - n_{track} \times \Delta t_{setup}.$$

$$n_{\text{track}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}}}{\Delta t_{\text{visible}} + \Delta t_{\text{setup}}},$$

Walden

0.95

[illegible]

2019

△ + △ = △

Δt_{on}

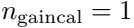
$=$

Δt_{obs}

$\times$

η_{obs}





$$\eta_{\text{obs}} = \frac{1}{\Omega_{\text{obs}}} \quad \text{with} \quad \Omega_{\text{obs}} = \Omega_{\text{min}} + n_{\text{gaincal}} n_{\text{freq}} \Omega_{\text{/freq/gaincal}}, \quad \Omega_{\text{min}} = 1.3, \quad \text{and} \quad \Omega_{\text{/freq/gaincal}} = 0.3.$$



Uppercase and lowercase letters, numbers, and symbols.

100%

100%

100%

2020-2021

opinion



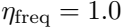
$$\eta_{\text{tot}} = \frac{\Sigma \Delta t_{\text{on}}}{\Delta t_{\text{tel}}}$$

WORLD OF

$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{j_{\rm ant}^{\rm int} T_{\rm sys}}{\eta_{\rm spec} \sqrt{n_{\rm ant} (n_{\rm ant} - 1)} dv n_{\rm pol} \Delta t_{\rm on}},$$

$$\Delta t_{on} = \eta_{obs} \eta_{freq} (\Delta t_{tel} - n_{track} \times \Delta t_{setup}) ,$$









$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}}}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} dv n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on}}}$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{on}} = \eta_{\text{obs}} \eta_{\text{freq}} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}} - n_{\text{track}} \times \Delta t_{\text{setup}}}{n_{\text{sou}}} \right) .$$

A pixelated, black and white graphic of the word "ALPHA" in a stylized, blocky font. The letters are composed of various shades of gray and black pixels, giving it a digital or retro aesthetic. The "A" is on the left, followed by "L", "P", "H", and "A" on the right. The overall style is reminiscent of early computer graphics or video game titles.



$$n_{\text{beam}} = \frac{A_{\text{map}}}{A_{\text{beam}}}$$

1990



$$A_{\text{beam}} = \frac{0.8 \pi \theta_{\text{prim}}^2}{4 \ln(2)} ;$$

$$\sigma_{Jy} = \frac{j_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}}}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} dv n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on}}}$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{on}} = \eta_{\text{obs}} \eta_{\text{mos}} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}} - n_{\text{track}} \times \Delta t_{\text{setup}}}{n_{\text{beam}}} \right), \quad \text{and} \quad \eta_{\text{mos}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}}}{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}},$$

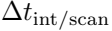
penetration

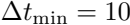


WORLDWIDE

$$n_{\text{point}} = n_{\text{beam}} \left(\frac{7}{4} \right)^2,$$









$$\frac{\Delta t_{\text{int}}/\text{scan}}{1\text{s}} < < \frac{6900}{\theta_{\text{alias}}/\theta_{\text{syn}}},$$

Q112

QWID

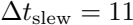
$$\Delta t_{\text{int}/\text{scan}} \leq \eta \frac{6900}{1\text{sec}} \sqrt{\frac{\theta_{\text{maj}}\theta_{\text{min}}}{A_{\text{map}}}},$$



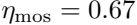




$$\leq \Delta t_{\text{int}/\text{scan}} = \min \left(45 \text{ sec}, \eta \frac{6\,900}{1 \text{ sec}} \sqrt{\frac{\theta_{\text{maj}} \theta_{\text{min}}}{A_{\text{map}}}} \right) \quad \text{with} \quad \eta = 0.5.$$



The image is a pixelated, black and white graphic of the text "The End of the World". The text is rendered in a highly stylized, jagged font that resembles a low-resolution digital or video game aesthetic. The letters are composed of various shades of gray and black pixels, giving it a textured, blocky appearance. The words are arranged in a single line, with "The" and "of" being smaller and positioned between the larger words "End" and "World". The overall effect is one of digital decay or a corrupted digital message.



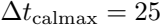


Pravda

$$\eta_{\text{mos}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}}}{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}}$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{cycle}} = \Delta t_{\text{point/track}} (\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} + \Delta t_{\text{slw}}),$$

$\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} = \sqrt{\text{repeat}} \cdot t_{\text{point/cycle}} \cdot \Delta t_{\text{acc}}$



$$n_{\text{repeat/point/cycle}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{calmax}}/n_{\text{point/track}} - \Delta t_{\text{slew}}}{\Delta t_{\text{int/scan}}},$$

$$\eta_{\text{mos}} = 1 - \frac{n_{\text{point}} / \text{track} \Delta t_{\text{slew}}}{\Delta t_{\text{calmax}}} .$$

$$n_{\text{point/track}}^{\text{large}} = \text{floor} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{calmax}}}{\Delta t_{\text{int/scan}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}} \right).$$

1991-2000

$$n_{\text{point}/\text{track}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{cyclenmax}}}{\Delta t_{\text{min}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}} \sim 150.$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{int}/\text{scan}} = \min \left\{ \Delta t_{\text{int}/\text{scan}}, \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{cyclmax}}}{n_{\text{point}/\text{track}}} - \Delta t_{\text{slew}} \right) \right\}.$$

$$\eta_{\min} = \frac{\Delta t_{\min}}{\Delta t_{\min} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}} = 0.47.$$

$$n_{\text{beam}} = \frac{A_{\text{map}}}{A_{\text{beam}}}, \quad \text{where} \quad A_{\text{beam}} = \frac{0.8 \pi \theta_{\text{prim}}^2}{4 \ln(2)}.$$

$$n_{\text{point}} = n_{\text{beam}} \left(\frac{7}{4}\right)^2, \quad \text{and} \quad n_{\text{point/track}} = \min\left(n_{\text{point}}, \frac{n_{\text{point}}}{n_{\text{track}}}\right).$$

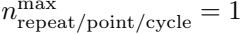
$$10 \text{ sec} \leq \Delta t_{\text{int/scan}} = \min \left(45 \text{ sec}, \eta \frac{6900}{1 \text{ sec}} \sqrt{\frac{\theta_{\text{maj}} \theta_{\text{min}}}{A_{\text{map}}}} \right) \quad \text{with} \quad \eta = 0.5.$$

$$n_{\text{point/track}}^{\text{large}} = \text{floor} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{calmax}}}{\Delta t_{\text{int/scan}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}} \right), \quad \text{where} \quad \Delta t_{\text{slew}} = 11 \text{ sec}, \quad \text{and} \quad \Delta t_{\text{calmax}} = 25 \text{ min}.$$

$\left(\text{point/track} \right) \leq \left(\text{large point/track} \right)$

$$n_{\text{repeat/point/cycle}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{\frac{\Delta t_{\text{calmax}}}{n_{\text{point/track}}} - \Delta t_{\text{slew}}}{\Delta t_{\text{int/scan}}}.$$

$\left(\begin{matrix} \text{point} \\ \text{track} \end{matrix} \right) \rightarrow \left(\begin{matrix} \text{large} \\ \text{point} \\ \text{track} \end{matrix} \right)$



$$n_{\text{point/track}} \leq n_{\text{point/track}}^{\text{max}}, \quad \text{where} \quad n_{\text{point/track}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{cyclemax}}}{\Delta t_{\text{min}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}} \sim 150, \quad \text{and} \quad \Delta t_{\text{cyclemax}} = 60 \text{ min.}$$

$$\text{if } n_{\text{point/track}} > n_{\text{point/track}}^{\text{large}}, \quad \text{then } \Delta t_{\text{int/scan}} = \min \left\{ \Delta t_{\text{int/scan}}, \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{cyclemax}}}{n_{\text{point/track}}} - \Delta t_{\text{slew}} \right) \right\}.$$

$$\eta_{\text{mos}} = \frac{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}}}{\Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}}, \quad \text{and} \quad \Delta t_{\text{point/cycle}} = n_{\text{repeat/point/cycle}}^{\text{max}} \Delta t_{\text{int/scan}},$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{cycle}} = n_{\text{point}/\text{track}} (\Delta t_{\text{point}/\text{cycle}} + \Delta t_{\text{slew}}).$$

$$\sigma_{\text{Jy}} = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}} T_{\text{sys}}}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on}}}, \quad \text{and} \quad \Delta t_{\text{on}} = \eta_{\text{obs}} \eta_{\text{mos}} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}} - n_{\text{track}} \times \Delta t_{\text{setup}}}{n_{\text{beam}}} \right).$$



$$\sigma_{Jy,\text{point}}(\nu) = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}}(\nu) T_{\text{sys}}(\nu)}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on,point}}},$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{on, point}} = \eta_{\text{obs}} \eta_{\text{mos}} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}} - n_{\text{track}} \times \Delta t_{\text{setup}}}{n_{\text{point}}} \right).$$

1992



$$f_v(p) = \left[\sum_{i=1}^{n_{\text{point}}} B_i^2(p, v) \right]^{-1/2}.$$

опыта, в том числе
— опыта, в том числе

$$\sigma_{\text{Jy,mos}}(p, \nu) = \frac{J_{\text{ant}}^{\text{int}}(\nu) T_{\text{sys}}(\nu)}{\eta_{\text{spec}} \sqrt{n_{\text{ant}} (n_{\text{ant}} - 1)} d\nu n_{\text{pol}} \Delta t_{\text{on,point}}} \left[\sum_{i=1}^{n_{\text{point}}} B_i^2(p, \nu) \right]^{-1/2}.$$

As a *wp* is not *blabla*.

of the *Mediana* of the *of the*.

Opportunity is a
= Opportunity is a

f = independent variable



0. *Pyridine*
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Approved
Valid
Date

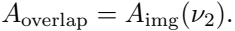
Alvin

Alvin









$$P_{1n2/1} = 100 \frac{A_{\text{img}}(v_2)}{A_{\text{img}}(v_1)}, \quad P_{1n2/2} = 100\%.$$

$$n_{\text{beam,geom}}(\nu) = \frac{A_{\text{img}}(\nu)}{A_{\text{beam}}(\nu)}.$$

$$n_{\text{beam},\text{eq}}(v) = n_{\text{point}} f^2_v.$$



WELCOME TO THE

$$f_{\nu}(p) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n_{\text{point}}} B_{i,\nu}^2(p)}}.$$

Erwählter

$\text{Aimg}(v) = \text{Nvalid}(v) \text{Opix}$

$$f_v = \max_{p \in A_v} [f_v(p)],$$





A_{map}



$A_{img}(v)$

$$n_{\text{point}} = \text{number of pointings in the PMS pointing list, and } n_{\text{point/track}} = \min \left(n_{\text{point}}, \frac{n_{\text{point}}}{n_{\text{track}}} \right).$$

$$n_{\text{point}} = n_{\text{beam}} \left(\frac{7}{4} \right)^2$$

$$\Delta t_{\text{on, point}} = \eta_{\text{obs}} \eta_{\text{mos}} \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{tel}} - n_{\text{track}} \times \Delta t_{\text{setup}}}{n_{\text{point}}} \right),$$

$$\sigma_{Jy,point}(\nu) = \frac{J_{ant}^{int}(\nu) T_{sys}(\nu)}{\eta_{spec} \sqrt{n_{ant} (n_{ant} - 1)} d\nu n_{pol} \Delta t_{on,point}} .$$

$$\sigma_{j_{y,\text{typ}}}(v) = \sigma_{j_{y,\text{point}}}(v) \tilde{f}_v.$$

$$n_{\text{beam},\text{eq}}(v) = n_{\text{point}} f^2_v.$$









$$\Omega_{\text{ant}}(\nu) = \int_{4\pi} P_{\text{ant}}(\theta, \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$







airbnb

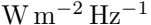


$$\Omega_{\text{fb}}(\nu) = \int_{2\pi} P_{\text{ant}}(\theta, \phi, \nu) d\Omega, \quad \text{and} \quad \Omega_{\text{mb}}(\nu) = \int_{\text{main lobe}} P_{\text{ant}}(\theta, \phi, \nu) d\Omega.$$

$$F_{\text{eff}} = \frac{\Omega_{\text{fb}}}{\Omega_{\text{ant}}}, \quad \text{and} \quad B_{\text{eff}} = \frac{\Omega_{\text{mb}}}{\Omega_{\text{ant}}}.$$

$$F_{\text{sou}}(\nu) = \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$











$$F_{\text{obs}}(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) P_{\text{ant}}(\theta - \theta_0, \phi - \phi_0, \nu) d\Omega,$$



$$F_{\text{obs}}(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$

$$P_{\text{int}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, v) = P_{\text{int}}(\theta - \theta_0, \phi - \phi_0, v).$$

$$B_{\text{obs}}(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \frac{1}{\Omega} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$









Is it possible to

$$= \frac{1}{\Omega_{\text{ant}}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$

1990s pop psychology

$$= \frac{1}{\Omega_{\text{fb}}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega,$$

Beethoven's Op. 10, No. 1

$$= \frac{1}{\Omega_{\text{mb}}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega.$$

$$B_{fb} = \frac{1}{F_{eff}} B_{ant} \quad \text{and} \quad B_{mb} = \frac{F_{eff}}{B_{eff}} B_{fb}.$$

do, do, do, do, do, do, do,



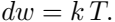












$$T_{\text{mb}}(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \frac{1}{\Omega_{\text{mb}}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega.$$





139059 x 1024

$$d\nu(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \frac{1}{2} A_{\text{eff}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega.$$





$$\eta_{\text{ant}} = \frac{A_{\text{eff}}}{A_{\text{geo}}} < 1;$$

$$A_{geo} = \pi \left(\frac{D_{ant}}{2} \right)^2 \cdot$$

$$\text{Aeff}(v) \text{ quant}(v) = \lambda^2,$$

$$B(\theta, \phi, \nu) = \frac{2kT}{\lambda^2},$$

$$d\nu(\theta_0, \phi_0, \nu) = \frac{1}{2} A_{\text{eff}} \int_{\text{source}} B(\theta, \phi, \nu) \tilde{P}_{\text{ant}}(\theta_0 - \theta, \phi_0 - \phi, \nu) d\Omega = \frac{1}{2} A_{\text{eff}} \Omega_{\text{ant}}(\nu) \frac{2kT}{\lambda^2}.$$

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$$A_{\text{eff}}(\nu)\Omega_{\text{fb}}(\nu)=\lambda^2 F_{\text{eff}}(\nu) \text{ and } A_{\text{eff}}(\nu)\Omega_{\text{mb}}(\nu)=\lambda^2 B_{\text{eff}}(\nu).$$

$$B_{\text{eff}}(v) = \eta_{\text{ant}} A_{\text{geo}} \frac{\Omega_{\text{mb}}(v)}{\lambda^2} \cdot$$

$$A_{\mathrm{geo}} = \frac{\pi}{4} D^2, \quad \frac{\Omega_{\mathrm{mb}}(\nu)}{\lambda^2} = \frac{\pi}{4 \ln 2} \left(\frac{\theta_{\mathrm{mb}}}{\lambda} \right)^2,$$

$$\theta_{mb} = \alpha \frac{\lambda}{D},$$

$$B_{\text{eff}}(\nu) = \frac{\pi^2}{16 \ln 2} a^2 \eta_{\text{ant}}(\nu) \simeq 0.88899 a^2 \eta_{\text{ant}}(\nu).$$







$$\eta_{\text{ant}}(\nu) = \eta_{\text{ant}}^0 \exp \left\{ - \left(\frac{4\pi\sigma}{\lambda} \right)^2 \right\}.$$

Band 1

Band 3

